Safety data sheet

Refer to regulation (EC) No. 453 / 2010

# Part I: chemical / mixture and enterprise identification

### 1.1. Product identification

Product form: Powder

Vanilla ice cream 869 essence Product Name:

Other identification methods: YF series

> (this safety data sheet covers all products prefixed with the above numbers.) The suffix indicates the difference in composition and physical properties of

the mixture.

### 1.2. Relevant usage identification and suggestions of substance / mixture

1. Relevant usage identification

Instructions for industrial use Industrial use

Professional use only

### 1.2.2. Suggestions for use

No additional information available

To protect the privacy of customers or suppliers of Salamander Jewelry. We erased their address from this document.

# Part II: hazard identification

### 2.1. Classification of mixture components

Classification according to regulation No category

(EC) No. 1272 / 2008 [CLP]

Adverse effects on human health, No additional information is available.

biochemistry and environment

2.2. Marking factors Signal word: None

Graphic symbols: None

Hazard Description: None

Marking according to regulation (EC) No. No tags available

1272 / 2008 [CLP]

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

## Part 3: Composition / composition information

### 3.1. Mixture

The manufactured products are classified as harmless and non disclosure chemicals permitted by the regulations. Although not necessarily disclosed, the CAS numbers of the main polymers used in the products are as follows:

English name	CAS#	%
Ethyl butyrate	105-54-4	2. 511
Butyl acetate	123-86-4	2. 2
2,3-Butanedione	431-03-8	0. 002
Butyl propionate	590-01-2	0. 002
Acetoin	513-86-0	0. 002
Butyl butyrate	109-21-7	2. 025
Ethyl (E)-hex-2-enoate	27829-72-7	0.003
Isoamyl butyrate	106-27-4	0. 001
Ethyl heptanoate	106-30-9	0. 486
Ethyl maltol	4940-11-8	10. 469
Piperonyl aldehyde	120-57-0	1. 055
Silicon dioxide	14808 - 60 - 7	55. 161
gamma-Nonanolactone	104-61-0	0. 005
Vanillin	121-33-5	6. 239
Ethyl vanillin	121-32-4	17. 508
5-Decanolide	705-86-2	0. 123
Triethyl citrate	77-93-0	1. 208
Ethyl 3-methyl-3-phenylglycidate	77-83-8	1
	1	100

# Part IV: first aid measures

First aid measures after inhalation

First aid measures after skin contact

First aid measures after eye contact

First aid measures after swallowing

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General first aid measures

You can't give anything to an unconscious person by

medical attention.

mouth.If you feel unwell, seek medical advice if you can show it on the label.

: supply fresh air and seek medical treatment.

Wash your hands.In case of contact with molten product, wash immediately with cooling water. Do not

peel off the frozen product. Seek medical attention. : wash eyes with water.In case of contact with molten

product, wash immediately with cooling water. Seek

: do not induce vomiting.If you feel unwell, please seek medical advice / attention.

Carbon dioxide, powder or spray (fire extinguishing agent). For fire, use foam, spray (extinguishing agent)

4.2. Main symptoms and effects, acute and delayed Symptoms / injuries : prolonged skin contact can cause dry skin.

immediate medical 4.3. Instructions for treatment and special treatment Treat symptoms.

5.2. Special hazards caused by chemicals /

Part V: fire fighting measures

5.1. Fire extinguishing agent

Proper extinguishing agent

mixtures

Fire hazard

Explosion hazard

Unsuitable extinguishing agent

and contact fire assistance.

: it is not allowed to use the solid water fire jet because

it will cause the fire to disperse and spread.

dioxide.

fire hazard.

: nonflammable but burns (people). Combustion of the

product produces carbon monoxide and carbon

There is no specific medicine.

: in the air with high concentration of volatile substances, flammable vapor or dust, it accumulates The static charge will become a potential

Use water spray or smoke to cool out exposed containers. Handle any chemical fire with care. Prevent

: cool the container with water. Firefighters must use

fire water from entering the environment.

5.3. Suggestions for firefighters Fire instructions

Defense during fire fighting

standard protective clothing, including respiratory protection.

# Part VI: Leakage Emergency Treatment

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency measures

General measures

: danger of slipping if spilled. Avoid dust generation. Keep away from the fire. Ensure proper air circulation.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid entering sewers or public water.

### 6.3. Cleaning materials and methods

clean

: to remove or sweep or use an industrial vacuum cleaner. The product is non hazardous waste. Appropriate handling should be carried out in accordance with local regulations / laws or directives.

Cleaning method

: on the ground (dust), sweep or shovel into a suitable container. Minimize the generation of dust. Store in isolation from other materials.

### 6.4. Refer to other parts

Refer to sections 7, 8 and 13.

## Part 7: handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe operation

Precautions for safe operation

: to prevent dust generation. Wear a dust mask if necessary. Use local exhaust above the production area. Take precautions against electrostatic discharge.Install wire ground handling device. There is a tendency of static charge accumulation in the process of transportation, transportation and production. In consideration of the risk of electrostatic discharge, operation in potentially flammable environments should be evaluated first. Proper precautions should be taken at all times, especially when emptying bags or other packaging methods. Reducing the transport speed will reduce static electricity. The accumulation of static electricity in volatile or flammable mixture (in the existing environment) may be a potential fire hazard. Keep away from the fire. If the product is processed into smaller particles, the risk of explosion must be evaluated. When processing products, maintain a fire protection monitor when the material reaches 280 °C (536 °F ). Operating at these temperatures does not guarantee that the product does not degrade. These listed temperatures are shown for safety reasons only (risk of fire and product degradation) and are not recommended during processing (reaching or exceeding the above temperatures). The degradation of polymers at lower temperatures depends on special processing

conditions. Wash hands after use. Avoid eating, drinking and smoking in the workplace. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking, and after leaving work.

: cannot be stored outdoors. Keep container dry. Store in a

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibility

Storage conditions

well ventilated space. The product contains an antioxidant to keep the polymer stable under its recommended conditions of use and storage. Direct exposure to sunlight or long-term exposure to high temperature will increase the rate of consumption, resulting in spontaneous antioxidant combustion.Do not store with alkali metals, oxidizers or acids. Avoid storing under pressure or high temperature to reduce agglomeration or cold deformation of small particles in the packaging bag. Do not use bulk containers or pallets for stacking materials. Keep container tightly closed and closed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.The material must be kept dry to prevent hydrolysis.

# Part 8: exposure control / personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

U.S. - Occupational Safety Occupational safety and and health regulations health regulations

health regulations permissible exposure limit (TWA) (mg / m3)

exposure limits (OEL's),

Dust if generated; occupational safety and

Health regulations TWA (8 hours)

occupational

established

Cubic metre

10 mg/

No

# 8.2. Contact control

Appropriate engineering controls : use local exhaust ventilation during processing. When transferring products, all the equipment behind must be grounded to reduce the generation of static electricity.

Personal protective equipment : gloves, safety glasses, protective clothing.

Material of protective clothing : Standard for work clothes, including apron, antistatic safety shoes or boots if necessary. Eye protection: goggles with side shields.

skin : cloth gloves.Use thermal protective gloves when handling hot, molten products.

Respiratory protection	: during treatment: if dust is generated, it is recommended to use particulate pre filter, and when the dust concentration is high, it is recommended to use shell and tube design (equipment) to remove dust.During high temperature processing: use local exhaust ventilation when available.	
Other information	: do not eat, drink or smoke during use.	
Part 9: physical and chemical	characteristics	
9.1. Basic physical and chemical property information		
Physical state	Solid	
Appearance	Powder	
colour	White	
smel1	: vanilla ice cream	
Olfactory threshold	No data	
PH value	: not applicable (insoluble)	
PH solution	: not applicable (insoluble)	
Relative evaporation rate	:Not applicable	
melting point	Not applicable	
freezing point	: undetermined	
boiling point	Not applicable	
flash point	Not applicable	
Spontaneous combustion	: undetermined	
decomposition temperature	: undetermined	
Flammability (solid / gas)	: non combustible powder	
Steam pressure	Not applicable	

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

No data

No data

: insoluble in water

: generally between 0.85 and 0.88 (20 ° C)

Relative vapor density (at 20 ℃)

relative density

Logarithmic form

Kinematic viscosity

Dynamic viscosity

Explosive property

solubility

Oxidizing	No data		
Explosion limit	: undetermined		
Part 10: stability and react	ivity		
10.1. Reactivity	No response		
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under environmental conditions.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Risk of self heating and spontaneous combustion from prolonged exposure to high temperature: refer to section 7.2.		
10.4. Situations to avoid	Avoid constant exposure to heat sources or UV lamps, as this can affect the characteristics of the product. When exposed to a source of ignition, the product burns.		
10.5. Incompatible substances	Avoid contact with strong acids, bases and oxidants.		
10.6. Harmful decomposition products	Under normal processing temperature and conditions, steam generated from hot products is harmless. No harmful decomposition at ambient temperature. Although (production)		
	It is highly dependent on temperature and environmental conditions. If the product overheats, smolders or burns, it will produce a variety of thermal decomposition products		
	Quality. Generally speaking, the final product of decomposition is carbon oxide.		
Part XI: toxicological infor	mation		
11.1. Toxicological effect information			
acute toxicity	Unclassified		
Toxicological effect information	Result		
The United States Pharmacopoeia u for systematic toxicity study extra			
USP intradermal injection of ra extraction:	bbits - There is no evidence of effective stimulation from intradermal injection of the extract.		
USP muscle implant study in rabb days:	its - 7 There is no evidence of irritation or toxicity according to the review of biological reactivity tests in USP chapter 88. There was no obvious		

	macroscopic reaction.
Colony detection in Chinese hamster lung cells (V79)	The test sample is not cytotoxic
Toxicity study:	
In Japan, the Ministry of health and labour in vitro studied silicone gel in red blood cells.	Non hemolysis of test sample
Skin corrosiveness / irritation	: no classification no data
	PH: not applicable (insoluble)
Serious eye damage / irritation	: no classification no data
	PH: not applicable (insoluble)
Skin sensitization of respiratory system	: no classification no data
I	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No classification
	No mutagenicity was found in the test extract
carcinogenicity	: no classification no data
Reproductive toxicity	: no classification no data
Special target organ toxicity (one exposure)	: no classification no data
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: no classification no data
Inhalation hazard	: no classification is possible due to the material form of the product (causing this hazard)
Potential adverse effects and symptoms on human health	No data
International Agency for cancer research	3
Part 12: ecological information	
12.1. toxicity	127
i	
Half lethal concentration (FISH)	Using rainbow trout to do the experiment, 96 hours acute water absorption in water
	(WAF) >1000 ppm
Lowest impact (chronic)	No data

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Durability and degradability

: the product is inert and non biodegradable.

### Potential bioaccumulation

Potential bioaccumulation

: because the product is insoluble in water and non biodegradable, there is no bioaccumulation.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Ecology - soil

: cannot be moved. Remains on the soil surface.

12.5. PBT and (persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic substances) and vpvb (highly persistent, bioaccumulative substances) assessment results

PBT assessment - does not meet the criteria of annex XIII of regulation 1907 / 2006.

No classification.

Vpvb assessment - does not meet the criteria of annex XIII of regulation 1907 / 2006.

No classification.

12.6. Other adverse reactions (side effects)

### Other adverse reactions

: no additional instructions available.

### 13.1. Waste treatment method

Waste disposal recommendations

: its size and quantity may interfere with the operation of the wastewater treatment system.Recycle or recycle as much possible.Incineration or consultation with a licensed landfill provider.Remove all bags for recycling or disposal in accordance with local regulations. Handle in a safe manner according to local / national

### Part 14: transportation information

According to ADR / rid / imgd / IATA / and

# UN dangerous goods No

Land transportation : no additional information available

: no additional information available Ocean Shipping

air transport : no additional information available

# UN specific shipping name

UN specific shipping name : there is no special provision for transportation

regulations.

Other information : no additional information available Special transportation precautions No. Part 15: regulatory information 15.1. Specific safety, health and environmental regulations for substances or mixtures 15.1.1. EU regulations EU regulation : does not contain restricted substances in Appendix 17 There is no substance in the reach candidate list No substances in reach annex 14 15.1.2. National regulations List of Australian chemicals List domestic substances in Canada List of existing chemicals in China List of existing commercial chemicals in Europe Make a list of existing & new chemicals in Japan List existing chemicals in Korea List chemicals in New Zealand (except d1170 / D1171 / d1173) List of Philippine chemicals and chemical substances (except d1170 / D1171 / d1173) List the existing chemicals in Taiwan, list the toxic substances control law in the United States Germany Water pollution in Germany : slightly dangerous to water (Level 1) 15.2. Chemical safety assessment : no chemical safety assessment implemented Chemical safety assessment Part 16: other information Revision date 2019-01-18 Version number 01 Notes

No

data sources

Parliament.

: European regulation (EC) no 1272 / 2008

and

Council amended the classification, marking and packaging of substances and mixtures (regulation) on December 16, 2008, repealing directive 67 / 548 / EEC and 1999 / 45 / EC, and amending Regulation (EC) no 1907 / 2006.

Other information

No

Abbreviations / acronyms / references:

Adn - amending the EU agreement on the international transport of dangerous goods by inland waterways.

ADR – European Union agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, revised version.

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service (American Chemical Society)

GHS – globally harmonized system of classification and labelling of chemicals, revised.

IATA - International Air Transport Association

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG - international rules for the carriage of dangerous goods by sea, revised.

LC50 - median lethal concentration of organism

MARPOL - International Convention for the prevention of pollution from ships, revised edition.

MHLW - Ministry of health, labor and welfare of Japan.

NFPA 704 - National Fire Protection Association

OE - oil filling

OEL - occupational exposure limit

PBT – persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity

Reach - registration, evaluation and authorization of chemicals, regulation (EC) no 1907 / 2006, Article 31 (Chapter), as amended.

Rid – EU standard regulations on international transport of dangerous goods by rail.

TLV - threshold limit value

TWA – time weighted average

Un - United Nations

USP - USP endpoint for biomedical devices

Vpvb - very persistent and bioaccumulative

### Disclaimer:

The information in this document is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for health, safety and environmental requirements. Therefore, it should not be interpreted as guaranteeing the properties of any specific product. It is recommended that only the initial product supply is covered in this document. It is recommended to seek safe operation and use methods

for products without adding other ingredients during processing.

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